CITY COUNCIL AGENDA REPORT



MEETING DATE: MARCH 15, 2004

ITEM NUMBER:

SUBJECT: DRAFT ORDINANCE CLARIFYING MINIMUM LOT SIZE AND COMMON LOT

REQUIREMENTS IN SMALL-LOT DEVELOPMENTS LOCATED IN RESIDENTIAL AND PLANNED DEVELOPMENT ZONING DISTRICTS

DATE: MARCH 10, 2004

FROM: DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT/PLANNING DIVISION

PRESENTATION BY: KIMBERLY BRANDT, SENIOR PLANNER

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: KIMBERLY BRANDT (714) 754-5604

RECOMMENDATION:

Give first reading to the draft ordinance, which amends Title 13 of the Costa Mesa Municipal Code regarding minimum lot size and common lot requirements in small-lot developments located in residential and planned development zoning districts.

BACKGROUND:

The Planning Commission recently reviewed a small-lot, common-interest residential project and expressed concern that the Zoning Code was not clear in respect to the "common lot". A "common-interest" residential development can be a townhome, condominium, or small-lot residential project. State law requires a homeowners association and a "common lot" in these types of developments. The homeowners association owns and maintains the common lot, which is typically composed of the common driveway, parking areas, and landscaped areas. See Figure 1, which is example of small-lot residential tract.

The Planning Commission believed that the Zoning Code needed to clearly state that the common lot size was not included in the calculation of the individual dwelling unit's lot size and asked staff to draft an ordinance to address this concern.

On February 23, 2004, the Planning Commission reviewed the draft ordinance and recommended that Council give it first reading (5-0 vote). The draft ordinance is contained in Attachment 2.

ANALYSIS:

Currently, the common lot and minimum lot area requirements are located in separate sections of the Zoning Code. The common lot requirement is stated in Section 13-41(b)(6), while the minimum lot area is included in Tables 13-41(b) and 13-58. This may be the source of the confusion regarding the relationship of these requirements. The draft ordinance makes the appropriate changes to the residential

and planned development regulations by adding language that clearly states that the common lot shall not be included in the lot area calculation for individual lots.

For further detail, please see Attachment 3, which contains the Planning Commission meeting minutes and staff report.

ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED:

The City Council may retain the City's existing Zoning Code language or make specific changes to the proposed ordinance.

FISCAL REVIEW:

Fiscal review is not required for this item.

LEGAL REVIEW:

The City Attorney's office has reviewed the draft ordinance and approved it as to form.

ENVIRONMENTAL DETERMINATION

These code amendments have been reviewed for compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), the CEQA Guidelines, and the City's environmental procedures, and have been found to be exempt.

CONCLUSION:

The proposed Zoning Code amendments will clarify the City's existing requirements for a "common lot" in small-lot residential developments, and that the common lot is not included in the calculation of individual dwelling unit lot size.

KIMBERLY BRAND

Senior Planner

DONALD D. LAMM

Deputy City Mgr.-Dev. Svs. Director

Acting City Attorney

DISTRIBUTION: City Manager

City Attorney

Public Services Director

City Clerk (2)

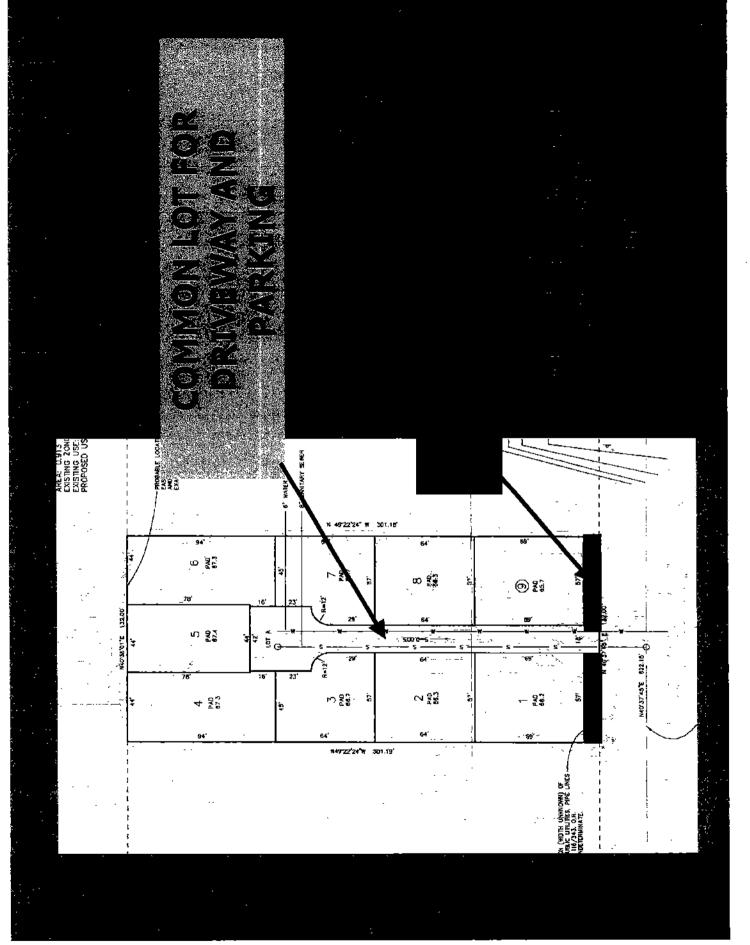
Staff (4) File

ATTACHMENTS: 1 Tract Map Example

2 **Draft Ordinance**

Planning Commission meeting minutes and staff report 3

File Name: 031504SMLOTDEVORD Date: 2/26/04 Time: 10 A.M.



ATTACHMENT 2

ORDINANCE NO. 04-

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA AMENDING TITLE 13 OF THE COSTA MESA MUNICIPAL CODE REGARDING MINIMUM LOT SIZE AND COMMON LOT REQUIREMENTS IN SMALL-LOT RESIDENTIAL PROJECTS LOCATED IN RESIDENTIAL AND PLANNED DEVELOPMENT ZONING DISTRICTS.

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF COSTA MESA DOES HEREBY ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

<u>Section 1.</u> Subparagraph (6) of Section 13-41(b) of the Costa Mesa Municipal Code is hereby deleted and reserved for future use.

"(6) Reserved."

<u>Section 2.</u> Table 13-41(b) of the Costa Mesa Municipal Code is hereby amended to include the following information:

	COMMONS NEEDS DAVE OF MENT STATE OF SINGLE-FAMILY UNIT (located on individual control of the con	OTHER
Individual Dwelling Unit Minimum Lot Area	All zones: 3,000 square feet with an overall average of 3,500 square feet. The required common lot shall not be included in the calculation of lot area. Note: Lot sizes may be reduced proportionately if other useable open space is provided within the overall development.	No minimum requirement.
Common lot required	All projects shall be designed with a minimum of one lot to be h by a homeowners association. This lot shall be used for commo 10 feet of street setback landscaped areas."	

<u>Section 3.</u> Table 13-58 of the Costa Mesa Municipal Code is hereby amended to include the following information:

		ABLE 13-58 (CON			
DEVELOPMENT STANDARD	PDR-LD	PDR-MD	PDR-HD PD	R-NCM PE	XC PDI
Common Interest Developments	instance where the	development standa	RTICLE 2. COMMON IN ards in CHAPTER V, AR ent standards in this article	TICLE 2 conflict with	th the development
	SMALL	LOT RESIDENTI	AL PROJECTS		*
Minimum Lot Size	5,000 square feet with an overall average of 5,500 square feet. The required perimeter open space and any common lot shall not be included in the calculation of lot size Note: Lot sizes may be reduced proportionately if other useable open space is provided within the overall development.	3,000 square feet with an overall average of 3,500 square feet. The required perimeter open space and any common lot shall not be included in the calcularion of lot size Note: Lot sizes may be reduced proportionately if other useable open space is provided within the overall development.		Néléipplicable."	

Section 4. Environmental Determination. The project has been reviewed for compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), the CEQA Guidelines, and the City's environmental procedures, and has been found to be exempt.

<u>Section 5</u>. Inconsistencies. Any provision of the Costa Mesa Municipal Code or appendices thereto inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance, to the extent of such inconsistencies and no further, is hereby repealed or modified to the extent necessary to affect the provisions of this Ordinance.

Section 6. Severability. If any chapter, article, section, subsection, subdivision, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion of this Ordinance, or the application thereof to any person, is for any reason held to be invalid or unconstitutional by the decision of any court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portion of this Ordinance or its application to other persons. The City Council hereby declares that it would have adopted this Ordinance and each chapter, article, section, subsection, subdivision, sentence, clause, phrase or portion thereof, irrespective of the fact that any one or more subsections, subdivisions, sentences, clauses, phrases, or portions of the application thereof to any person, be declared invalid or unconstitutional. No portion of this Ordinance shall supersede any local, State, or Federal law, regulation, or codes dealing with life safety factors.

<u>Section 7.</u> Publication. The Mayor shall sign and the City Clerk shall certify to the passage and adoption of this Ordinance and shall cause the same to be published and posted pursuant to the provisions of law in that regard and this Ordinance shall take effect thirty (30) days after its final passage.

PASSED AND ADOPTED this day of	, 2004
	Mayor
ATTEST:	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
City Clerk of the	City Attorney
City of Costa Mesa	
STATE OF CALIFORNIA)	
COUNTY OF ORANGE) ss	

CITY OF COSTA MESA)

of Costa Mesa, hereby certify that the above and foregoing Ordinance No. 04 was introduced and considered section by section at a regular meeting of said City Council held on the day of, 2004, and thereafter passed and adopted as a whole at a regular meeting of said City Council held on the day of, 2004, by the following roll call vote:
AYES:
NOES:
ABSENT:
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Seal of the City of Costa Mesa this day of, 2004.
Deputy City Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of the City Council of the City of Costa Mesa

ATTACHMENT 3

Excerpt from the minutes of the Planning Commission meeting of February 23, 2004

DRAFT
ORDINANCE/MINIMUM
LOT SIZE AND COMMON
LOT REQUIREMENTS
(SMALL LOT DEVELOPMENTS)

City

The Chair opened the public hearing for consideration of a draft ordinance clarifying minimum lot size and common lot requirements in small-lot developments located in residential and planned development zoning districts. Environmental determination: exempt.

Senior Planner Kimberly Brandt reviewed the information in the staff report and gave a brief visual presentation clarifying some of the existing zoning regulations contained within the City's Municipal Code as they relate to residential lots and small lot residential developments. She said staff recommends Planning Commission recommend to City Council, that first reading be given to the draft ordinance.

Commissioner Foley thanked Ms. Brandt for her efforts and clarifications with respect to this ordinance.

Terry Shaw, 420 Bernard Street, Costa Mesa, questioned where the useable open space was coming from if not the common area. Ms. Brandt explained that Mr. Shaw's query is a part of the Planned Development Zoning Standards, and there is a perimeter open space that is required within a Planned Development Zone. In addition to the perimeter open space there may be some private recreational tot lots or park areas within the overall development that may be accounted for in this calculation, i.e., the Standard Pacific Mesa Verde Collection off Mesa Verde Drive and Harbor Boulevard—there is a tot lot area. Further, she said it could be used in minimum lot size calculation because it would be different from the perimeter open space requirement; there is more flexibility in the Planned Development zones. She said the primary confusion Planning Commission experienced, was in the more traditional R2 and R3 zoning districts where that issue originally arose.

Commissioner Foley confirmed with staff, on Mr. Shaw's behalf, that the ordinance was not being changed, but rather being made clearer and more defined to prevent confusion.

No one else wished to speak and the Chair closed the public hearing.

A motion was made by Chairman Garlich, seconded by Commissioner Foley and carried 5-0 to recommend to City Council, that first reading be given to the draft ordinance for minimum lot size and common lot requirements in small-lot developments.

Common Lot Requirements (Small-Lot Developments) Recommended to City

Ord./Minimum Lot Size and

Council

MOTION:

In response to the Chair, Ms. Brandt stated that this item would go to the City Council meeting of March 15, 2004.



PLANNING COMMISSION AGENDA REPORT

[[1].1.

MEETING DATE: FEBRUARY 23, 2004

TEM NUMBER:

SUBJECT: DRAFT ORDINANCE CLARIFYING MINIMUM LOT SIZE AND COMMON LOT

REQUIREMENTS IN SMALL-LOT DEVELOPMENTS LOCATED IN RESIDENTIAL AND PLANNED DEVELOPMENT ZONING DISTRICTS

DATE: FEBRUARY 12, 2004

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: KIMBERLY BRANDT, SENIOR PLANNER

(714) 754-5604

DESCRIPTION

A draft ordinance clarifying the minimum lot size and common lot requirements in smalllot developments located in residential and planned development zoning districts.

RECOMMENDATION

Recommend to City Council that first reading be given to the draft ordinance.

KIMBERLY BRAND

Senior Planner

R. MICHAEL ROBINSON

Planning & Redevelopment Mgr.

PERRY I ALANTINE

Asst. Development Services Director

BACKGROUND

The Planning Commission recently reviewed a small-lot residential development and expressed concern that the Zoning Code was not clear in the requirement that the "common lot" is not to be included when calculating the individual dwelling unit's lot area. State law requires a common lot in a common interest development, and it is typically composed of the common driveway, parking areas and landscaped areas.

The intent of the City's minimum lot size requirement for individual lots in a small-lot residential project is to ensure that each lot is large enough to support useable and private open space for each homeowner. If the common lot were included in calculating the size of each residential lot, it would inflate the lot sizes and make it more difficult to decipher the amount of private open space that is available to each lot. When this code requirement was adopted in 2001, both the Planning Commission and City Council gave considerable attention to establishing a minimum lot area for the individual lots.

ANALYSIS

Currently, the common lot and minimum lot area requirements are located in separate sections of the Zoning code. The common lot requirement is stated in Section 13-41(b)(6), while the minimum lot area is included in Tables 13-41(b) and 13-58 (see Attachment 1). This may be the source of the confusion regarding the relationship of these requirements.

The draft ordinance (Attachment 2) makes the appropriate changes to the residential and planned development regulations by incorporating the current text regarding the common lot requirement directly into the Zoning Code tables that discuss small-lot residential developments. Additional language has also been added to these tables that clearly states the common lot shall not be included in the lot area calculation for individual lots.

LEGAL REVIEW

The City Attorney's office has reviewed the draft ordinance and approved as to form.

ALTERNATIVES

The Planning Commission may recommend to City Council specific changes to the draft ordinance, or the Planning Commission may recommend to Council retention of the City's current Zoning Code language.

ENVIRONMENTAL DETERMINATION

These code amendments have been reviewed for compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), the CEQA Guidelines, and the City's environmental procedures, and have been found to be exempt.

CONCLUSION

The proposed Zoning Code amendments will clarify the City's existing requirements for a "common lot" in small-lot residential developments, and that the common lot is not included in the calculation of individual lot size.

Attachments: 1. Existing Zoning regulations

2. Draft ordinance

File Name: 022304\$MLOTDEVORD Date: 2/10/04 Time: 10:10 p.m.

cc: Deputy City Manager - Dev. Svcs.
Assistant Development Services Director
Sr. Deputy City Attorney
City Engineer
Staff (4)
File (2)

ATTACHMENT 1 EXISTING ZONING REGULATIONS

Sec. 13-41. NEW RESIDENTIAL COMMON INTEREST DEVELOPMENTS

- (a) Applicability. The provisions of this section shall apply to all proposed new residential common interest development projects.
- (b) Development standards. Table 13-41(b) identifies the development standards for common interest developments. See also ARTICLE 9 GENERAL SITE IMPROVEMENT STANDARDS of this chapter for additional requirements. Projects shall comply with all applicable standard plans and specifications and adopted City and State codes, as well as the following provisions:
 - The location and orientation of all buildings shall be designed and arranged to preserve natural features by minimizing the disturbance to the natural environment. Natural features such as trees, groves, waterways, scenic points, historic spots or landmarks, bluffs or slopes shall be delineated on the site plan and considered when planning the location and orientation of buildings, open spaces, underground services, walks, paved areas, playgrounds, parking areas and finished grade elevations.
 - (2) All structures proposed to be constructed within a project shall conform to the following requirements:
 - a. Structures having dwelling units attached side by side shall avoid the long-row effect by being composed of no more than 6 dwelling units. Alternative designs which accomplish the same purpose may be approved by the Planning Division.
 - b. Structures having dwelling units attached side by side shall avoid the long-row effect with a break in the facade by having an offset in the front building line of at least 4 feet for every 2 dwelling units within such structure. Alternate designs which accomplish the same purpose may be approved by the Planning Division.
 - Consideration shall be given to the effect of proposed development on the light, air and privacy of adjacent properties.
 - Outside uncovered and unenclosed storage of boats, trailers, recreational vehicles and other similar vehicles shall be prohibited unless specifically designated areas for the exclusive storage of such vehicles are set aside on the final master plan and provided for in the association's covenants, conditions, and restrictions. Where such areas are provided, they shall be enclosed and screened from view on a horizontal plane from adjacent areas by a combination of 6-foot high opaque fences and permanently maintained landscaping.
 - (4) No exterior television antenna shall be permitted, but a common underground cable service to all dwelling units may be provided.
 - (5) The developer shall install an on-site lighting system in all parking areas, vehicular access ways, and along major walkways. The lighting shall be directed onto driveways and walkways within the project and away from dwelling units and adjacent properties, and shall be of a type approved by the Development Services Department.

All projects shall be designed with a minimum of one lot to be held in common ownership and maintained by a homeowners association. This lot shall be used for common driveways, parking areas, and at least 10 feet of street setback landscaped areas.

(

	TABLE 13-41(b) COMMON INTEREST DEVELOPMENT STANDAI	RDS	
STANDARDS	SINGLE-FAMILY UNITS (located on individual dwelling unit lots and excluding townbouses)	OTHER UNITS	
Individual Dwelling Unit Minimum Lot Area	All zones: 3,000 square feet with an overall average of 3,500 square feet. Note: Lot sizes may be reduced proportionately if other useable open space is provided within the overall development.	No minimum requirement.	
Minimum Number of Units	3	3	
Maximum Number of	2 stories/ 27 feet		
Stories & Building Height	Note: Lofts, as defined in section 13-6, without exterior acce- will not be regarded as a story. See also Attic discussion belo		
Anics	Attics shall not be heated or cooled, nor contain any electrical or second stories shall be an integral part of the second story roofli building elevation. Windows in any attic space above the second adormer style.	ne and not appear as a 3rd story on any	
Maximum Density (based on gross acreage)	Same as underlying zoning district.		
Minimum Open Space			
Development Lot:	40% of total lot area.		
Individual Dwelling Unit Lot:	40% overall, with a minimum 400 square-foot area with no dimension less that 15 feet.		
Private Open Space:	Same as individual dwelling unit lot above.	An adjoining patio required with no dimension less than 10 feet.	
Common Open Space	Common open space areas shall be designed and located within by all residents. Enclosed buildings used for recreation or leisu more than 15 per cent of required open space.		
Distance between buildings	10-foot minimum between main buildings		
	6-foot minimum between main buildings and accessory structure	es	
Driveway width	10-foot minimum, except 16-foot minimum driveway is required guest parking for more than one dwelling unit.	1 if the driveway serves tenants and/or	
Driveway length	Straight-in driveways to garages shall have a minimum length o	f 19-feet from the ultimate property line.	
Storage	Not applicable.	Each unit shall be provided with 200 cubic feet of securable storage exterior to the unit. If this storage is provided within the garage or carport it shall be located so as not to obstruct the required clear dimensions of the covered parking space (per the City of Costa Mesa Parking Design Standards) at any point less than 4 feet above the finished surface level of the parking stall.	
Mechanical equipment. excluding antennas and flush-mounted solar panels on roofs.	Roof-top location is prohibited.	Screening required from public rights- of-way and adjacent properties.	



	PLAN		LE 13-58 DPMENT STANI	DARDS		
DEVELOPMENT STANDARD	PDR-LD	PDR-MD	PDR-HD	PDR-NCM	PDC	PDI
Maximum Density per Section 13- 59 MAXIMUM DENSITY CRITERIA. (dwelling units per acre)	8 12 20 35 20					
Density in Mixed Use Projects	by dividing the devoted to res serve the resident	The density of the residential component of a mixed use Planned Development shall be calculated by dividing the total number of dwelling units proposed by that portion of the total site area! devoted to residential uses, including required parking, fandscaping, open space, and driveways to serve the residential component. The density permitted within the residential component shall be determined by the criteria established in Section 13-59 MAXIMUM DENSITY CRITERIA.				
Maximum Site Coverage ² NOTE: Site coverage of multi- story projects with integrated parking structures shall be based upon the usable floor area at the street or grade level, exclusive of parking areas, driveways, plazas, courtyards or pedestrian walkways.	Not applicable 30% outside the Downtown Redevelopment Project Area 35% within the Downtown Redevelopment Project Area					50%
Perimeter Open Space per Section 13-61 PERIMETER OPEN SPACE CRITERIA.	20 feet abutting all public rights-of-way (may be reduced in the PDC and PDR-NCM zones pursuant to Section 13-61 PERIMETER OPEN SPACE CRITERIA).				es	
Open Space	45% of total site area ¹ , inclusive of Perimeter Open Space. See Section 13-60 REQUIRED OPEN SPACE CRITERIA FOR PLANNED DEVELOPMENT RESIDENTIAL. 42% of total site area ¹ , inclusive of Perimeter Open Space and CHAPTER VI PARKING. See Perimeter Open Space and CHAPTER VI PARKING. CHAPTER VI PARKING. See Perimeter Open Space and CHAPTER VI PARKING.					
Bluff-top Setback.		r structure close ENT STANDA		m bluff crest (see	Section 13-62(h) ADDIT	TONAL
Minimum Development Lot Area required for a rezone	1 acre					
Maximum Floor Area Ratio	Maximum Floor Area Ratio Refer to CHAPTER V, ARTICLE 8 FLOOR AREA RATIOS.					
PARKING (See Chapter VI).						
LANDSCAPING (See Chapter VI						
SIGNS (See Chapter VIII).						•

Site area is defined as the area equal to the original lot size, less the area occupied by adjacent dedicated streets.

Site coverage is defined as that portion of the site area within planned development commercial and industrial projects occupied by buildings. Site coverage shall not include parking structures, surface parking lots, driveways, plazas, courtyards or sidewalks.

TABLE 13-58 (CONTINUED)						
	PLANNED DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS					
DEVELOPMENT STANDARD	PDR-LD	PDR-MD	PDR-HD	PDR-NCM	PDC	PDI
PROJECTIONS (Maximum dept	h of projections giv	en)				
Roof or Eaves Overhang; Awning	2 feet 6 inches in	to required side seth	ack or building sep	paration area.		
	5 feet into requir	ed front or rear setb	ack.			
Open, unenclosed stairways.	2 feet 6 inches in	to required setback	area.			
Chimneys	2 feet above max	imum building heigl	ու.			
Fireplaces	2 feet into require	ed setback or buildir	ng separation area			
ADDITIONAL DEVELOPMENT	-					_
Uses Underroof	All nonresidential uses shall be conducted underroof except as allowed by a minor conditional use permit or as permitted elsewhere in this Zoning Code. Exceptions include sidewalk sales and parking lor sales which are allowed on the basis of a maximum of 4 sales per fiscal year with a maximum length of 3 days per sale and subject to obtaining a business permit.					parking
Outdoor Storage (incidental to main use)	Permitted in non-residential areas of a planned development when: Storage does not interfere with required parking or vehicular access; storage is not in required setback area abutting a public right-of-way; storage does not decrease required landscaping; storage is completely screened from view from street or adjacent properties; and storage complies with all applicable codes and regulations including, but not limited to, the Uniform Fire Code. Shipping containers shall also comply with setback requirements for structures, floor area ratio standards, and parking requirements. A permanent foundations shall be required for shipping containers. Storage not meeting these criteria requires approval of a minor conditional use permit.					
Master Plan Required	Yes. Preliminary	master plan is option	nal pursuant to Sec	tion 13-56(a).		
SMALL LOT RESIDENTIAL PR	OJECTS					
Minimum Lot Size	5,000 square feet with an overall average of 5,500 Note: Lot sizes may be reduced proportionately if other useable open space is provided within the overall development. 3,000 square feet with an overall average of 3,500 square feet. Note: Lot sizes may be reduced proportionately if other useable open space is provided within the overall development.					
Minimum Lot Width	40 feet					
Maximum Number of Stories & Building Height	13-6, without extended as not be regarded as					



	T	ABLE 13-58 (CONT	(INUED)			
PLANNED DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS						
DEVELOPMENT STANDARD	PDR-LD	PDR-MD	PDR-HD	PDR-NCM	PDC	PDI
Attics	Attics shall not be nor contain any eleoperable windows second stories shall part of the second not appear as a 3 rd building elevation, attic space above t shall be incidental dormer style.	ectrical outlets or . Attics above ! be an integral story roofline and story on any Windows in any he second story				
Private Open Space for Individual Dwelling Unit Lots	40% overall, with square-foot area v less than 15 feet.					
Mechanical equipment, excluding antennas and flush-mounted solar panels on roofs.	Roof-top location	is prohibited.				
Minimum Front Setback for Individual Dwelling Unit Lots	along the front of shall be setback le more than 23 feet the street curb. If a sidewalk is not the front of the lo	from the face of ot provided along t, the garage shall 5 feet or more than				
Minimum Side Setback for Individual Dwelling Unit Lots	0 feet on one side combination of bo					
Minimum Rear Setback for Individual Dwelling Unit Lots	5 feet					
2-car garage required	Yes		·			
Automatic Garage Door Opener	Required - if gara than 9 feet from t street curb.	ige is setback less the face of the			- 3-4	
Pools and Spas		o 5-foot side and as for main itional setbacks le pursuant to				

ATTACHMENT 2 DRAFT ORDINANCE

ORDINANCE NO. 04-

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA AMENDING TITLE 13 OF THE COSTA MESA MUNICIPAL CODE REGARDING MINIMUM LOT SIZE AND COMMON LOT REQUIREMENTS IN SMALL-LOT RESIDENTIAL PROJECTS LOCATED IN RESIDENTIAL AND PLANNED DEVELOPMENT ZONING DISTRICTS.

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF COSTA MESA DOES HEREBY ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

- <u>Section 1.</u> Subparagraph (6) of Section 13-41(b) of the Costa Mesa Municipal Code is hereby deleted and reserved for future use.
- "(6) All projects shall be designed with a minimum of one lot to be held in common ownership and maintained by a homeowners association. This lot shall be used for common driveways, parking areas, and at least 10 feet of street setback landscaped areas. Reserved."
- <u>Section 2.</u> Table 13-41(b) of the Costa Mesa Municipal Code is hereby amended to include the following information:

	TABLE 13-41(b) (20MMOX2): SEST DEVELOPMENTS AND A SINGLE-TAMIEN UNTIL Stocated Desired February dwelling unit loss as a cluiding townbouses)	OTHERUSE
Individual Dwelling Unit Minimum Lot Area	All zones: 3,000 square feet with an overall average of 3,500 square feet. The required common lot shall not be included in the calculation of lot area. Note: Lot sizes may be reduced proportionately if other useable open space is provided within the overall development.	No minimum requirement.
Common lot required	All projects shall be designed with a minimum of one lot to be he by a homeowners association. This lot shall be used for commo 10 feet of street setback landscaped areas."	

<u>Section 3.</u> Table 13-58 of the Costa Mesa Municipal Code is hereby amended to include the following information:

The state of the s	"TABLE 13-58 (EONTINUED)					
	PLANNED DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS				Ž	
DEVELOPMENT STANDARD	PDR-LD	PDR-MD	···PDR-HD	PDR-NCM	PDC	PDI
Common Interest Developments	instance where the	o CHAPTER V, AI development standarticle, the development	ards in CHAPTER	V, ARTICLE 2 co	nflict with the devi	
was to	SMALI	LOT RESIDENT	IAL PROJECTS	*		
Minimum Lot Size	5,000 square feet with an overall average of 5,500 square feet. The required perimeter open space and any common lot shall not be included in the calculation of lot size. Note: Lot sizes may be reduced proportionately if other useable open space is provided within the overall development.	3,000 square feet with an overall average of 3,500 square feet. The required perimeter open space and any common lot shall not be included in the calculation of lot size Note: Lot sizes may be reduced proportionately if other useable open space is provided within the overall development.		Not applicab	ie."	

Section 4. Environmental Determination. The project has been reviewed for compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), the CEQA Guidelines, and the City's environmental procedures, and has been found to be exempt.

<u>Section 5</u>. Inconsistencies. Any provision of the Costa Mesa Municipal Code or appendices thereto inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance, to the extent of such inconsistencies and no further, is hereby repealed or modified to the extent necessary to affect the provisions of this Ordinance.

Section 6. Severability. If any chapter, article, section, subsection, subdivision, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion of this Ordinance, or the application thereof to any person, is for any reason held to be invalid or unconstitutional by the decision of any court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portion of this Ordinance or its application to other persons. The City Council hereby declares that it would have adopted this Ordinance and each chapter, article, section, subsection, subdivision, sentence, clause, phrase or portion thereof, irrespective of the fact that any one or more subsections, subdivisions, sentences, clauses, phrases, or portions of the application thereof to any person, be declared invalid or unconstitutional. No portion of this

Ordinance shall supersede any local, State, or Federal law, regulation, or codes dealing with life safety factors.

Section 7.	Publication.	The Mayor	shall sign	and the (City Clerk	shall cer	rtify to
the passage	and adoption	on of this	Ordinance	and shall	cause th	he same	to be
published ar	nd posted pur	rsuant to th	ne provisio	ns of law	in that	regard ar	nd this
Ordinance sh	nall take effec	t thirty (30)	days after	its final pa	assage.		

PASSED AND ADOPTED this day	y of, 2004
	Mayor
ATTEST:	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
City Clerk of the City of Costa Mesa	City Attorney

STATE OF CALIFORNIA) COUNTY OF ORANGE) ss
CITY OF COSTA MESA)
I, Julie Folcik, Deputy City Clerk and ex-officio clerk of the City Council of the City of Costa Mesa, hereby certify that the above and foregoing Ordinance No. 04 was introduced and considered section by section at a regular meeting of said City Council held on the day of, 2004, and thereafter passed and adopted as a whole at a regular meeting of said City Council held on the day of, 2004, by the following roll call vote:
AYES:
NOES:
ABSENT:
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Seal of the City of Costa Mesa this day of, 2004.
Deputy City Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of the City Council of the City of Costa Mesa